

ATTENDANCE POLICY

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SLT Responsible	Assistant Headteacher Pastoral
Signature of Chair	
Signature of Headteacher	









Model Attendance Policy

Mission Statement/Vision – (for example)

We believe that children cannot learn if they are absent from school. Therefore, we aim to ensure all our children and young people take full advantage of the educational opportunities available to them and will strive to raise standards by promoting the regular attendance and punctuality of our students. We believe the foundation of securing good attendance is that our school is a calm, orderly, safe, and supportive environment where our students will want to be and are keen and ready to learn.

Aims/Expectations

For example

- To demonstrate that improving attendance is everyone's business and embed a 'support first' approach.
- To develop and maintain a whole school culture that promotes the benefits of good attendance and is an integral part of the school's ethos.
- To work with students and parents to remove any barriers to attendance by building strong and trusting relationships.

Attendance Targets

For example

• to keep whole school attendance above 96%.

Attendance Registers

The rules governing the maintenance of registers, including removal from roll, are contained in the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006. Attendance registers are legal documents that may be required as evidence in court cases.

Expectations to be considered when developing Policy

Academy Trust Boards and Governing Bodies of Maintained Schools





	 Ensure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties. Make sure staff, students and families understand that absence from school is a potential safeguarding risk and understand their role in keeping children safe. Expect good attendance and punctuality from all members of the school community and make sure that students understand its importance. Convey clear messages about how absence affects attainment, wellbeing and wider outcomes. Empower staff to take responsibility for attendance. Recognise attendance as an important area of school improvement. Make sure it is resourced appropriately (including through effective use of pupil premium funding) to create, build and maintain systems and performance. Have a designated attendance champion in the senior leadership team with clearly assigned responsibilities which are identified within the attendance policy, escalation of procedures and school Improvement Plan. Make sure staff receive training/professional development and support to deploy attendance systems effectively.
	 Share effective practice on attendance management and improvement across schools within Trusts.
Role of the Head	The Head is responsible for:
	 Having a clear, written school attendance policy based on the expectations set out in this model policy and ensuring the implementation of this policy – ensuring compliance with DfE Guidance for maintained schools, academies, independent schools and local authorities – Working together to improve School Attendance – September 2022 - Working together to improve school attendance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) Ensuring every member of staff knows and understands their responsibilities for safeguarding and how this links with poor school attendance – ensuring compliance with the latest edition of Keeping Children Safe in Education. Developing good support for children with medical conditions (including the use of individual healthcare plans), mental health problems and special educational needs (SEND). Ensuring compliance with Statutory Guidance for governing bodies of maintained schools and proprietors of academies in England December 2015 - Supporting students at school with medical conditions - <u>Supporting students with medical conditions at school - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk</u>) Ensuring every member of staff knows and understands their responsibilities for attendance. Ensuring staff are actively working to maximise attendance rates, both in relation to individual students and the pupil body as a whole. Having clear processes in place to address persistent and severe absence - students who are severely absent may be at risk of CCE/CSE/grooming, etc. and this cohort must be made the top priority for action and support. Be especially conscious of any potential safeguarding issues ensuring joint working between the school, children's social care services and other statutory safeguarding partners. Often severely absent



FEARNHILL school



students have additional needs and therefore it is vital that schools ensure all appropriate services are informed and aware of the student's absence so suitable support can be considered, and education provided/accessed.

- Ensuring all staff adopt a consistent approach in dealing with absence and lateness.
- Monitoring and analysing data and trends.
- Reporting to the Governing Body and Trusts the attendance figures and progress to achieving the set targets.
- Reminding parents of their commitment to this policy.
- Building and modelling respectful relationships with staff, students, families and other stakeholders in order to secure their trust and engagement. Making sure there is a welcoming and positive culture across the school.
- Open and honest communication with staff, students and families about their expectations of school life and performance so that they understand what to expect and what is expected of them.
- Liaising with other agencies working with students and their families to support attendance, for example, where a young person has a social worker or is otherwise vulnerable.
- Sharing information on and working collaboratively with other schools in the area, LAs and other partners when absence is at risk of becoming severe or persistent.
- Ensuring the school attendance policy is applied fairly and consistently and recognises the individual needs of students and their families who have specific barriers to attendance. Schools should consider their obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.
- Ensuring all staff members:
 - treat students with dignity
 - build relationships rooted in mutual respect and observe proper boundaries
 - take into consideration the vulnerability of some students and the ways in which this might contribute to absence, handling confidential information sensitively
 - understand the importance of school as a place of safety where students can enjoy trusted relationships with staff and students, particularly for children with a social worker and those who have experienced adversity
 - communicate effectively with families regarding students' attendance and well-being
 - deliver clear messages about expectations, routines and consequences to new students and families through prospectus and admission/transition events
 - use physical presence to reinforce routines and expectations on arrival and departure





	 regularly communicate expectations for attendance and punctuality and school performance through regular channels of communication with staff, students and parents establish and monitor implementation of rewards for attendance and punctuality and sanctions for absence and lateness. Monitoring implementation of policy and practice, for example through form time, drop in, shadow late gate, planner checks Engaging community businesses, partners and residents to promote attendance and report non-attendance. Monitoring of whole school data regularly to identify reasons for absence, patterns, attendance of particular groups and the impact of interventions Establishing and ensuring implementation and robust monitoring of arrangements to identify, report and support children missing education (CME) or at risk of becoming CME Ensuring compliance with guidance regarding Children Missing Education - see Herts Grid https://thegrid.org.uk/admissions-attendance-travel-to-school/attendance/children-missing-from-education Engaging students in consultation on attendance policy, practice, rewards and sanctions
Role of the Attendance	The School Attendance Champion is responsible for:
Champion SLT	 Implementing the policy with the Head. Offering a clear vision for attendance improvement. Championing and improving attendance. Ensuring practice is in place to address persistent and severe absence is robust. Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes Oversight of data analysis - Monitoring and analysing attendance data regularly to allow early intervention to address issues. This includes raising concerns with other agencies like children's social care and early help services which are working with families. Robust school systems which provide useful data at cohort, group and individual pupil level to give an accurate view of attendance, reasons for absence and patterns amongst groups such as:





	 Keeping the Head and all school staff informed of attendance figures and trends by providing regular reports to enable them to track the attendance of students and to implement attendance procedures compiling attendance data for the Head, the Governing Body and the Local Authority Attendance Officer (LAAO). Ensuring a positive working relationship with the LAAO is fostered, including attending Attendance Targeted Support Meetings. Communicating messages to students and parents School attendance, safeguarding and pastoral support policies which should clearly outline: the key principles rules students need to follow routines consequence systems If required, holding regular meetings with the parents of students who the school (and/or Local Authority) consider to be vulnerable or are persistently or severely absent to discuss attendance and engagement at school. Undertaking home visits in line with school's safeguarding responsibilities to engage families and ensure children are safe. Identifying students who need support from wider partners as quickly as possible and make the necessary referrals. Making sure escalation procedures to address absence are initiated proactively, understood by students and families, implemented consistently and their impact reviewed regularly. The escalation of procedures to address absence needs to be; implemented consistently reviewed regularly ensuring the Local Authority is notified of any pupil who fails to attend school regularly via a 10 Day Absence Form. See guidance on HCC Grid for form – https://thegrid.org.uk/admissions-attendance-travel-to-school/attendance/attendance-guidance-and-statutory-responsibilities<!--</th-->
Role of the Teaching Staff	Teachers are responsible for:
	 Ensuring the effective whole school culture of high attendance is underpinned by setting an example of punctuality and good attendance. Implementing the policy and ensuring it is applied fairly and consistently. Ensuring the registers are taken at the start of the morning session and once during the afternoon session and are accurate and up to-date. Reviewing class and individual attendance patterns. Informing the school attendance officer/line manager of any concern.





 Emphasising with students the importance of punctuality and good attendance. Reminding parents of their commitment to this policy. Building respectful relationships with staff, students, families and other stakeholders in order to secure their trust and engagement. Making sure there is a welcoming and positive culture across the school. Communicating openly and honestly with staff, students and families about their expectations of school life and performance so that they understand what to expect and what is expected of them. Holding regular meetings with the parents of students who the school (and/or Local Authority) consider to be vulnerable or are persistently or severely absent to discuss attendance and engagement at school. Liaising with other agencies working with students and their families to support attendance, for example, where a young person has a social worker or is otherwise vulnerable. Modeling respectful relationships and appropriate communication for staff and students. This will help relationships between students and staff to reflect a positive and respectful culture. All staff members should; treat students with dignity build relationships rooted in mutual respect and observe proper boundaries take into consideration the vulnerability of some students and the ways in which this might contribute to absence handling confidential information sensitively understand the importance of school as a place of safety where students can enjoy trusted relationships with staff and students, particularly for children with a social worker and those who have experienced adversity communicate effectively with families regarding students' attendance and well-being
You should:
 Rehearse and reinforce attendance and punctuality expectations continually Emphasise the importance of attendance and its impact on attainment Promote the next lesson and the sequence of the lesson to motivate students to be in the classroom Promote rewards and celebrate progress but continue to outline sanctions Apply rewards and sanctions consistently Follow up on absence and lateness with students to identify barriers and reasons for absence Contact parents and carers regarding absence and punctuality Review form or tutor group attendance weekly to share data, identify issues, intervene early and help set targets





	 Periodically review practice and consistency both across and between departments Proactively promote attendance practice as part of staff induction Consider the individual needs and vulnerabilities of students Students at risk of severe or persistent absence – good practice recommendations (this list is not exhaustive) Welcome students back following an absence and provide good catchup support to build confidence and bridge gaps. This could include: lesson resources buddy support one to one input meet with students to discuss absence, patterns, barriers and problems establish action plans to remove barriers, provide additional support and set targets. This could include: lunchtime arrangements support with uniform, transport, wake up routines or emotional wellbeing lead daily or weekly check-ins to review progress and the impact of support make regular contact with families to discuss progress consider what support for re-engagement might be needed, including for vulnerable groups
Attendance Officers, Pastoral Staff & Family Intervention Workers	 Expectations: To ensure the recording of attendance and absence data is accurate. To ensure robust day-to-day processes are in place. To track and follow up absence and poor punctuality (implement punctuality routines such as late gate or sign in procedures). Provide appropriate support and challenge to establish good registration practice. Carry out robust first day calling procedures including priority routines for vulnerable children including children with a social worker. If absence continues without explanation, further contact should be made to ensure safeguarding. Identify any absences that are not explained for each session and contact parents to understand why and when the pupil will return.





- Where absences are recorded as unexplained in the attendance register the correct code should be inputted as soon as the reason is ascertained, but no later than 5 working days after the session.
- Where reasonably possible, ensure school holds more than one emergency contact number for each pupil.
- Keep parents informed on a regular basis of their child's attendance and absence record (this should be communicated to parents in an easy-tounderstand format and percentage headlines should be avoided. For example, concentrate on the amount of time missed and the impact on the pupil's learning).
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of students who the school (and/or Local Authority) consider to be vulnerable or are persistently or severely absent to discuss attendance and engagement at school.
- Identify students who need support from wider partners as quickly as possible and make the necessary referrals.
- Undertake home visits in line with your safeguarding responsibilities to engage families and ensure children are safe.
- Identify and, where possible, mitigate potential barriers to good attendance in liaison with families and relevant support agencies.
- Implement children missing education (CME) procedures when appropriate -
- See guidance on HCC Grid regarding Children Missing Education, <u>https://thegrid.org.uk/admissions-attendance-travel-to-</u> <u>school/attendance/children-missing-from-education</u>
- Where students have additional vulnerabilities, which may require multiagency meetings try to arrange those meetings outside of lesson time, where possible.
- Engage with feeder schools or organisations to access absence information in order to identify target cohorts prior to transfer, including mid-year transfers and managed moves.

Students at risk of persistent absence

- Provide regular attendance reports to tutors to facilitate weekly reviews with leaders (including special educational needs coordinators, designated safeguarding leads and pupil premium leads) for monitoring and evaluation purposes
- Initiate and oversee the administration of absence procedures.

This should include:

- letters home
- attendance clinics
- engagement with local authorities and other external agencies and partners
- work with families and the community to identify which methods of communication work best, recognising potential barriers in hard-to-reach families and find methods that work and are understood





	consideration as to whether further interventions are required in
	line with the statutory guidance on parental responsibility measures
	 provide regular reports to leaders on the at-risk cohort
	 provide regular reports/caseloads to local authority attendance team or independent attendance organisations to raise awareness
	of emerging at-risk students
	Students who are persistently absent
	 Develop and implement persistent absence action plans with students and families which address barriers and help establish positive attendance
	routines
	 Identify tailored intervention which meets the needs of the pupil, for example:
	mentoring
	 careers advice and guidance input college placement
	 out of hours learning
	alternative provision where appropriate
	 Lead daily or weekly check-ins to review progress and impact of support, make regular contact with families to discuss progress
	 Hold regular meetings or reviews of caseload with the Statutory Attendance & Participation Team (SAPT), external partners and alternative providers to check on welfare and review progress
	 Liaise with school leaders (designated safeguarding, special educational needs coordinator and pastoral leads) on referrals to external agencies and multi-agency assessments
	 Coordinate and contribute to multi-agency meetings to review progress and agree on actions
	 Work in partnership with SAPT and other agencies to ensure the appropriate use of statutory parental responsibility measures Provide regular reports to leaders on the impact of action plans and interventions
Expectations of parents	Parents are responsible in law for ensuring that their children of compulsory school age receive an efficient education suitable to their age, ability, aptitude and any special educational needs that they may have. Most parents fulfil this responsibility by registering their children at a school.
	 Parents whose children are registered at a school are responsible for ensuring their children attend and stay at school every day school is open.
	Parents are responsible for:
	 ensuring that their children are punctual and know the importance of good attendance.
	 instilling in their children an appreciation of the importance of
	attending school regularly.
	 impressing upon their children the need to observe the school's code of conduct.





	 informing the school on the first day of absence, by 8.30 am at the latest.
	 providing the school with an explanation for the absence.
	 informing the school of any changes to their contact details.
	 taking an active interest in their children's school career, praising and
	encouraging good work and behaviour and attending parent's
	evenings and other relevant meetings.
	 working in partnership with the school to resolve issues and help the
	school to understand their child's barriers to attendance.
	 proactively engage with the support offered by school to prevent the
	need for more formal support.
	• If formal support is needed, proactively engage with this support to
	prevent the need for any legal intervention.
	 booking any medical appointments around the school day where
	possible.
	 only requesting leave of absence in exceptional circumstances and do
	so in advance.
	 treating staff with respect
	 actively supporting the work of the school
	 calling staff for help when they need it
	• communicating as early as possible circumstances which may affect
	absence or require support
Working with the	 Our school works in partnership with the Statutory Attendance &
Local Authority	Participation Team to devise a strategic approach to attendance.
· · · · · · · · ·	 The Headteacher or Attendance Champion (SLT) will meet with the link
	LAAO when required to discuss and improve attendance for all persistently
	absent or severely absent students.
	 Action Plans will be developed for all persistently and severely absent
	students. The school may request support from the LAAO for advice and
	guidance with the implementation of these action plans.
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	 If parents do not proactively engage with support offered through the
	action plan, then formal intervention may be requested from the LAAO.
	 If parents do not engage with formal support, the school may request
	statutory intervention from the Local Authority.
	 Statutory intervention can include:
	Parenting Contract
	 Fixed Penalty Notice application from school
	Parenting Order
	Education Supervision Order
	Prosecution
Encouraging Good	The school encourages good attendance by:
Attendance	
	• Using clear and consistently applied systems and processes to improve,
	reward and incentivise attendance and address absences. Makes sure
	these systems are inclusive and appropriate for all students.





	 Publicising good attendance during assemblies, newsletters and the termly report to the Governing Body. Keeping parents informed on a regular basis of their child's attendance and absence record (this should be communicated to parents in an easy-to-understand format and percentage headlines should be avoided. For example, concentrate on the amount of time missed and the impact on the pupil's learning).
Punctuality	 The school doors open at 8.00am when students may go to the canteen or library only. The register will be open at 8.30am for no longer than 30 minutes after the session begins. Students who arrive after the register has closed at 8.55am and parent provides a satisfactory explanation will be marked as 'authorised absent' for that session. Students who arrive after the register has closed and parent fails to provide a satisfactory explanation will be marked as 'unauthorised absent' for that session (Code U). School may arrange a meeting with parents to discuss concerns so that the problem can be addressed.
Students at risk of Persistent Absence	 School is expected to: Proactively use data to identify students at risk of poor attendance. Work with each identified pupil and their parents to understand and address the reasons for absence, including any in-school barriers to attendance. Signpost and support parents to access any required services where out of school barriers are identified. If the issue persists, take an active part in a multi-agency effort with the Local Authority and other partners. Act as the Lead Practitioner where all partners agree that the school is the best placed lead service. Where the Lead Practitioner is outside of the school, continue to work with the Local Authority and partners.
Students who are persistently absent	 Persistent absence occurs when a child's attendance is at or falls below 90%. Absenteeism at this level will considerably damage a pupil's educational prospects and the school will work alongside parents/carers to tackle this issue. School is expected to: Continue support as for students at risk of becoming persistently absent. Ensure additional targeted support is in place to remove any barriers. Where necessary this includes working with partners.





	 If there is lack of engagement, hold more formal conversations with parents, being clear about the potential need for legal intervention in future. Where support is not working or being engaged with, work with the Local Authority on legal intervention. If there are safeguarding concerns, intensify support through statutory children's social care. Work with other local schools, such as schools previously attended or schools of siblings.
Students who are severely absent	 Severe absence occurs when a child's attendance is at or falls below 50%. School is expected to: Continue support as for students who are persistently absent. Agree a joint approach for all students who are severely absent with the Local Authority. Note: Students who are severely absent may be at risk of CCE/CSE/grooming etc. and teachers must ensure this cohort is made the top priority for action and support.
	You must be especially conscious of any potential safeguarding issues ensuring joint working between the school, children's social care services and other statutory safeguarding partners. Often severely absent students have additional needs and therefore it is vital that school ensure all appropriate services are informed and aware of the pupil's absence so suitable support can be considered, and education provided/accessed.
Absence	 Only the school can authorise an absence. The fact that a parent has provided a note or other explanation (telephone call or personal contact) in relation to a particular absence does not, of itself, oblige the school to accept it, if the school does not accept the explanation offered as a valid reason for absence. If, after further investigation doubt remains about the explanation offered – or when no explanation is forthcoming at all – the absence will be treated as unauthorised and the parent informed. Leave of absence can be applied for in advance. It is the school's decision as to whether this is granted because of exceptional circumstances relating to the application (parents cannot expect, as of right, that the school will grant leave of absence to allow a pupil to take part in a performance within the meaning of s37 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1963 © for which a child performance licence has been issued. HCC will not issue a child performance license where absence is required without the written permission of the Headteacher.





Fixed Penalty	
Notices	Our school follows Hertfordshire County Council's Penalty Notice for Truancy Code of Conduct and procedures.
	 We expect parents/carers to work with us to address attendance problems. If a pupil has at least 15 sessions (half day = 1 session) unauthorised absence in the current and/or previous term (including unauthorised holidays), the Head Teacher may ask the Local Authority to issue a Penalty Notice. The penalty is £60 if paid within 21 days of receipt of the notice, rising to £120 if paid after 28 days. There is no right of appeal by parents against a Fixed Penalty Notice. If the penalty is not paid the Local Authority may prosecute parents/carers
	for their child's irregular attendance.
	Follow guidance on HCC Grid when considering a Fixed Penalty Notice - https://thegrid.org.uk/admissions-attendance-travel-to- school/attendance/penalty-notices-for-unauthorised-absenceholiday
Part-time Timetables	 As part of the framework for the inspection of services for children in need of help and protection, children looked after, and care leavers (Ofsted June 2015) local authorities are required to provide detailed data on school age children in their area who are not in receipt of full-time education and schools are similarly expected to maintain data on students of compulsory school age who are on their roll but attending on a part-time timetable. The Local authority has published guidance for all maintained school, academies, free schools, studio schools, UTCs, ESCs and PSBs on the use of part-time timetables for students of compulsory school age (the term after their fifth birthday to the last Friday in June following their 16th birthday) All schools are required to return information on children who are on part-time tables. Follow guidance from HCC Grid when considering a part-time timetable - https://thegrid.org.uk/admissions-attendance-travel-to-school/attendance/attendance-part-time-students
Monitoring	We believe this policy will be effective only if it is consistently monitored across the whole school.
Headteacher Signature:	
Chair of Governing Body Signature:	
Date approved:	
Review date:	





Further resources

Statutory guidance

- <u>School behaviour and attendance: parental responsibility measures</u>
- <u>Children missing education</u>
- Supporting students with medical conditions at school
- Keeping children safe in education
- <u>School exclusion</u>

Guidance and resources

• National statistics: Pupil absence in schools in England

